IN THE CLAIMS

1 (Currently Amended). A method, comprising:

- a) taking the absolute difference of:
- l) less than all of the <u>most significant</u> bits of an uncompressed video data value from a reference macro block; <u>and</u>
- 2) less than all of the <u>most significant</u> bits of an uncompressed video data value from a macro block worth of data within a search window;
- b) calculating a sum of absolute differences between corresponding data values within said reference macro block and said macro block worth of data, said absolute difference being one of said absolute differences; and[[,]]
- c) calculating a motion vector based upon the position of said reference macro block in a first frame and the position of said macro block worth of data in said second frame, said sum of absolute differences being a lowest sum of absolute amongst other sums of absolute differences calculated between said reference macro block and other macro blocks worth of data within said search window.
- 2 (Original). The method of claim 1 wherein said first frame is a current frame and said second frame is previous frame.
- 3 (Original). The method of claim 1 further comprising loading said reference macro block's data values into a register prior to said taking.

Claim 4 (Canceled).

5 (Currently Amended). The method of claim 3 further comprising loading said search window's window's data values into a random access memory prior to said taking the absolute difference.

6 (Currently Amended). The method of claim 5 wherein said reference macro block's data values are uncompressed when said loaded ad said search window's data values are uncompressed when said loaded[[,]].

7 (Currently Amended). The method of claim 1 further comprising determining which N bits from:

- 1) said reference macro block's data value's M bits; and
- 2) said search window macro block's data value's M bits are to be used for said taking the absolute difference.
- 8 (Original). The method of claim 7 wherein said determining comprises:

 determining the number of most significant bits that are to be masked from both said data values;

determining the number of least significant bits that are to be masked from both said data values.

- 9 (Currently Amended). The method of claim 8 wherein said determining the number of least significant bits is (M-N) (N-M) (said determined number of most most significant bits).
- 10 (Original). The method of claim 9 wherein said determining the number of most significant bits further comprises calculating $\log_2|2^M/\text{MaxValue}|$ were MaxValue is the maximum uncompressed video data value of said reference macro block.
- 11 (Original). The method of claim 9 further comprising adding an offset value to said reference macro block's uncompressed video data value and said search window macro block's uncompressed video data value.
- 12 (Original). The method of claim 11 wherein said offset is set equal to a minimum valued uncompressed video data value of said reference macro block.

- 13 (Currently Amended). An apparatus, comprising:
 - a) logic circuitry to take an absolute difference between:
- less than all of the bits of an uncompressed video data value from a reference macro block;
- 2) less than all of the bits of an uncompressed video data value from a macro block worth of data within a search window;
 - b) a circuit to calculate a number of most significant bits to mask;
- <u>c)</u> b) a register to store said reference macro block, said register coupled to said logic circuitry; and[[,]]
- <u>d</u>) e) a random access memory to store said search window, said random access memory coupled to said logic circuitry.
- 14 (Currently Amended). The apparatus of claim 13 further comprising additional logic circuitry to determine an offset to be added to:
 - 1) said reference macro block's uncompressed video data value; and[[,]]
 - 2) said search window macro block's uncompressed video data value.
- 15 (Original). The apparatus of claim 14 further comprising a first adder having a first input to receive said reference macro block's uncompressed video data value and a second input coupled to said additional circuitry to receive said offset, said adder having an output that flows toward said logic circuitry.
- 16 (Original). The apparatus of claim 14 further comprising a second adder having a first input to receive said search window macro block's uncompressed video data value and a second input coupled to said additional circuitry to receive said offset, said adder having an output that flows toward said logic circuitry.
- 17 (Original). The apparatus of claim 13 wherein said logic circuitry is also to: determine the number of most significant bits that are to be masked from both said data values; determine the number of least significant bits that are to be masked from both said data values.

- 18 (Currently Amended). An apparatus, comprising:
 - a) logic circuitry to take an absolute difference between:
- less than all of the <u>most significant</u> bits of an uncompressed video
 data value from a reference macro block; <u>and</u>
- 2) less than all of the <u>most significant</u> bits of an uncompressed video data value from a macro block worth of data within a search window;
- b) a register to store said reference macro block, said register coupled to said logic circuitry;
- c) a random access memory to store said search window, said random access memory coupled to said logic circuitry; and[[,]]
- d) a DRAM memory coupled to said register and said random access memory, said DRAM memory to store said uncompressed video data value from a reference macro block and said uncompressed video data value from a macro block worth of data within a search window.
- 19 (Currently Amended). The apparatus of claim 18 further comprising additional logic circuitry to determine an offset to be added to:
 - 1) said reference macro block's uncompressed video data value; and[[,]]
 - 2) said search window macro block's uncompressed video data value.

Claim 20 (Canceled).

- 21 (Original). The apparatus of claim 19 further comprising a second adder having a first input to receive said search window macro block's uncompressed video data value and a second input coupled to said additional circuitry to receive said offset, said adder having an output that flows toward said logic circuitry.
- 22 (Original). The apparatus of claim 18 wherein said logic circuitry is also to:

 determine the number of most significant bits that are to be masked from both said data values;

determine the number of least significant bits that are to be masked from both said data values.